- Movement East from West. /Rise of capitalism/modernity. The rise of the immigrant(s); Reed-Johnson Act (1924) bars entrance of immigrants from the European South. End of the "Open Door" policy.
- The rise of people of color; old and new money. (Buchanans-Carraways-Wolfshiem-Dan Cody-Gatz/Gatbsy).
- The Jazz Age--The Roaring Twenties (Flapper= a New Woman who drinks, smokes, dances, votes, flirts)—Prohibition (1920-1933)—The Harlem Renaissance.
- Seminal text= T.S. Eliot's <u>The Waste Land</u> (1922).
- The young man from the provinces motif—From poverty to wealth (The Horatio Alger story [**Raggedy Dick**])— (Western [Hopalong Cassidy-(1904) rough, rude, dangerous]) Benjamin Franklin <u>The Way to Wealth</u>=Popular Culture. Focused on money. Franklin is all about saving the money one earns and making the right, responsible choices with it.

Money replaces class (A historical possibility).

- City life—New York (monied, vulgar, noisy, chaotic, immoral and interesting)— Manhattan (Pursuit of money, sex and booze).
- <u>Subjects of Modernity</u>—Production, entertainment, style and consumption.
- <u>Capitalism</u> and <u>industrialism</u> are the material forces that bring modernity and its ceaseless changes into being. Modernism by contrast is a cultural movement critical of modernity.

Modernity and the modern world

The evolutionary theories of *Charles Darwin*, the psychoanalysis of *Sigmund Freud* and *Friedrich Nietzsche's* call for a reevaluation of moral values important philosophical background.

<u>Heraclitan/History</u>	<u>Platonic/Myth</u>
Process	Cyclical/ideal
Chaos	Stability/Meaning
Chance	Design

Oscillation between tradition and nostalgia, history and myth. Experience of deracination, rupture, defamiliarization.

- A city novel/cityscape. «The city frontier». Urban environment as positive and negative. A new pastoral or a wasteland?
- Technology (the movies, trains, cars, hydroplanes)-Consumer society (Houses showcases of consumption [Myrtle's, Gatsby's]).

The division of classes. Leisure class and parvenues/nouveaux riches.

Working class(?).

Copper mines and robber barons

Cornelius Vanderbilt, J. P. Morgan, John Rockefeller, Jim Fisk, Andrew Carnegie--

Originally they were considered as self-made men who helped build the nation;

In fact

There was very little regulation; distinguished for the exploitation of workers and especially the immigrants, unethical practices.

The American Dream challenged. The recreation/reinvention of a civilization Reinventing oneself. "Repeat the past."

Romance and modernity. *The Holy Grail* in the 20th century. Commodification/wealth

(Meretricious). A romance of money.

White vs people of color, new immigrants; ambiguity of whiteness.

Green and yellow color.

Reliable and unreliable narrator(s).

Nick--Yale man; Great War veteran; Wall Street ambitions (new beginning?)

Gatsby—"Oggsford" man; what kind of a narrator? The Platonic conception of himself/Self made. The gentleman/criminal or the gentleman/hero?